

→ Getting started ...

How to develop a European Standard

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Standards Development

- Who can propose a new standard?
- How are standards made?
- Why are European Standards so valuable?
- Is speed important?
- Standards and laws?

How to make a standard

Q. Who can propose a new standard?

→ **A. Everyone**

Q. Who writes the standard?

→ **A. Volunteer experts**

Q. Who provides support help?

→ **A. CEN Members & CEN Management Centre**

Who can propose a new standard?



→ A. Everyone who has a need

- Business
 - Manufacturing
 - Buying
 - Testing
- Users and consumers
- Law makers
- Non-Governmental Organizations

Writing a standard

Q. Who writes the standard?

→ A. Volunteers

- Technical experts
- Coordinated through CEN members
- In technical committees
- Guided by CEN Management Centre and CEN members

Proposing a new standard

Q. Who can you speak to about your proposal?

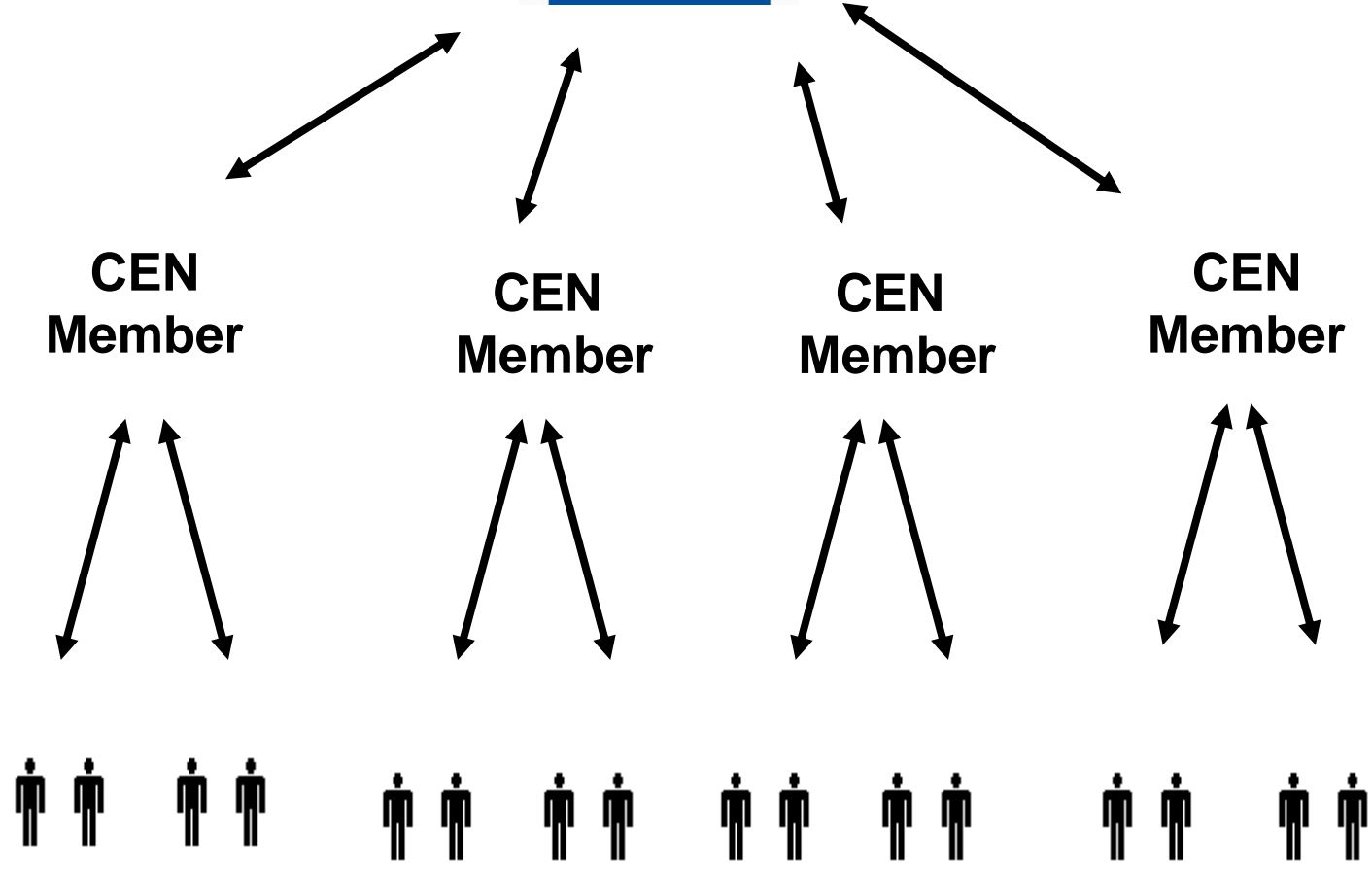
→ A. CEN members

- National Standards Bodies
- CEN Associates

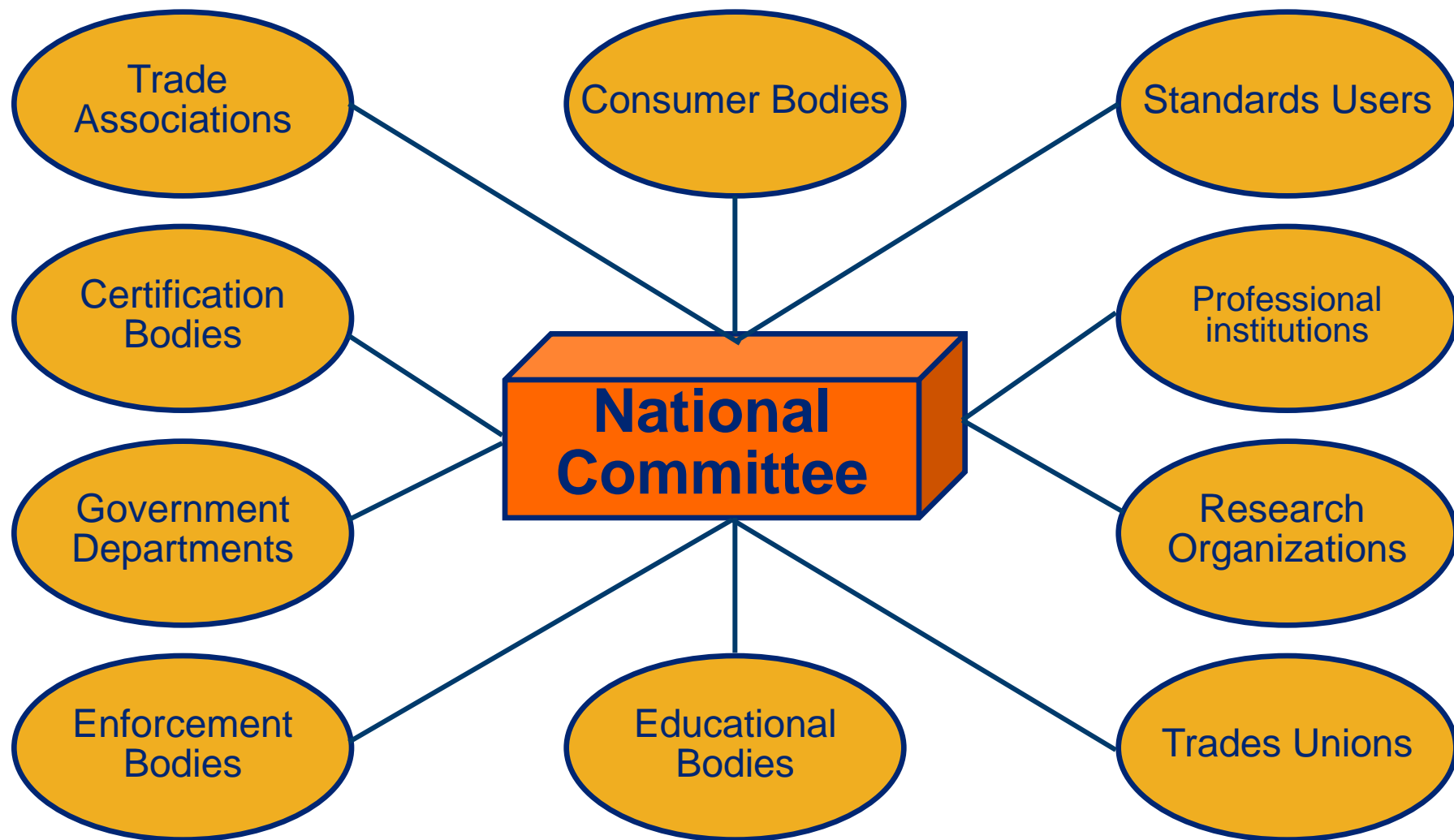
→ A. The CEN Management Centre

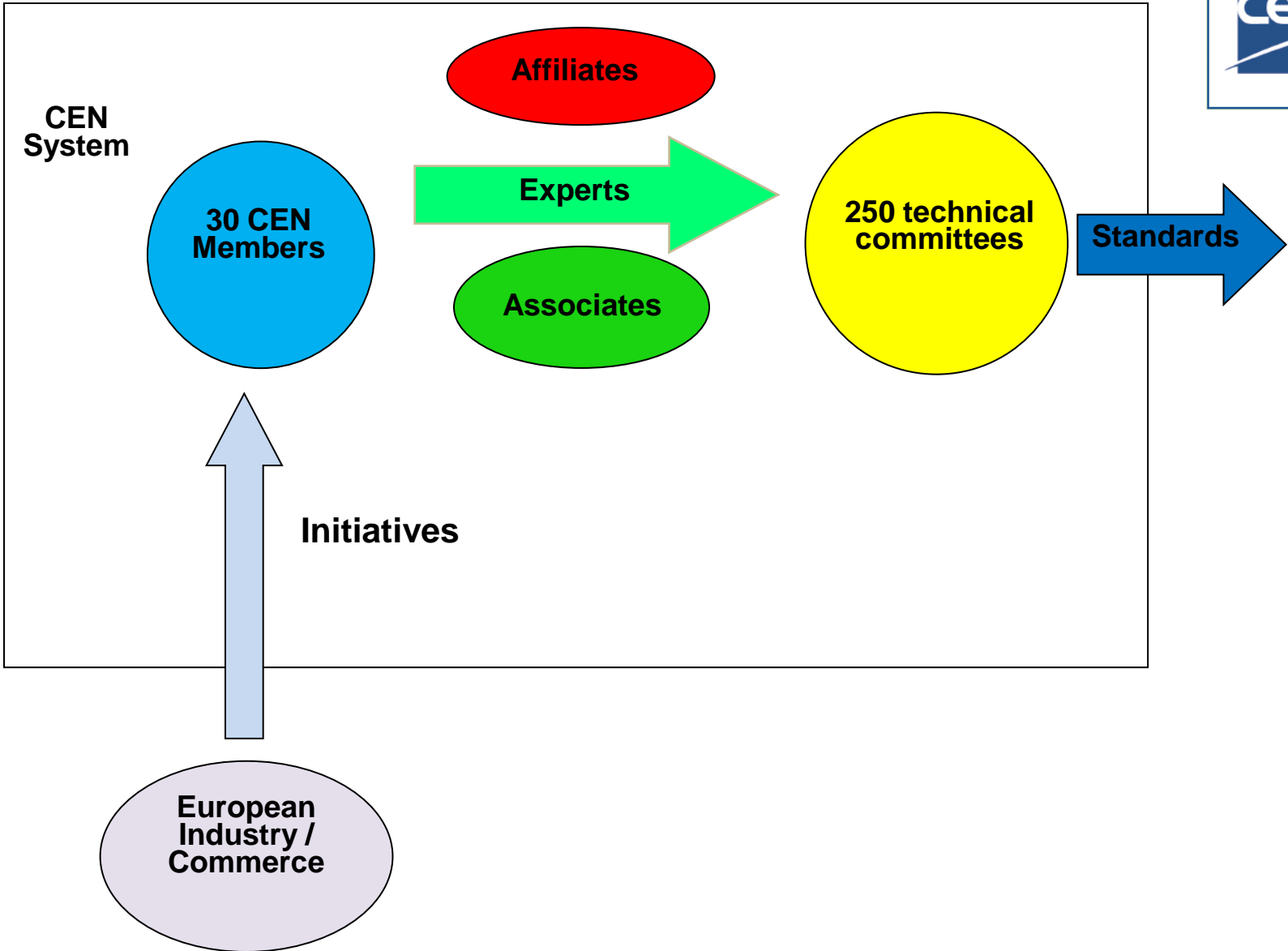
- Programme Managers
- Innovation & Business Development
- **Contact innovation@cen.eu**

CEN System



Representation on Technical/Sub-committees



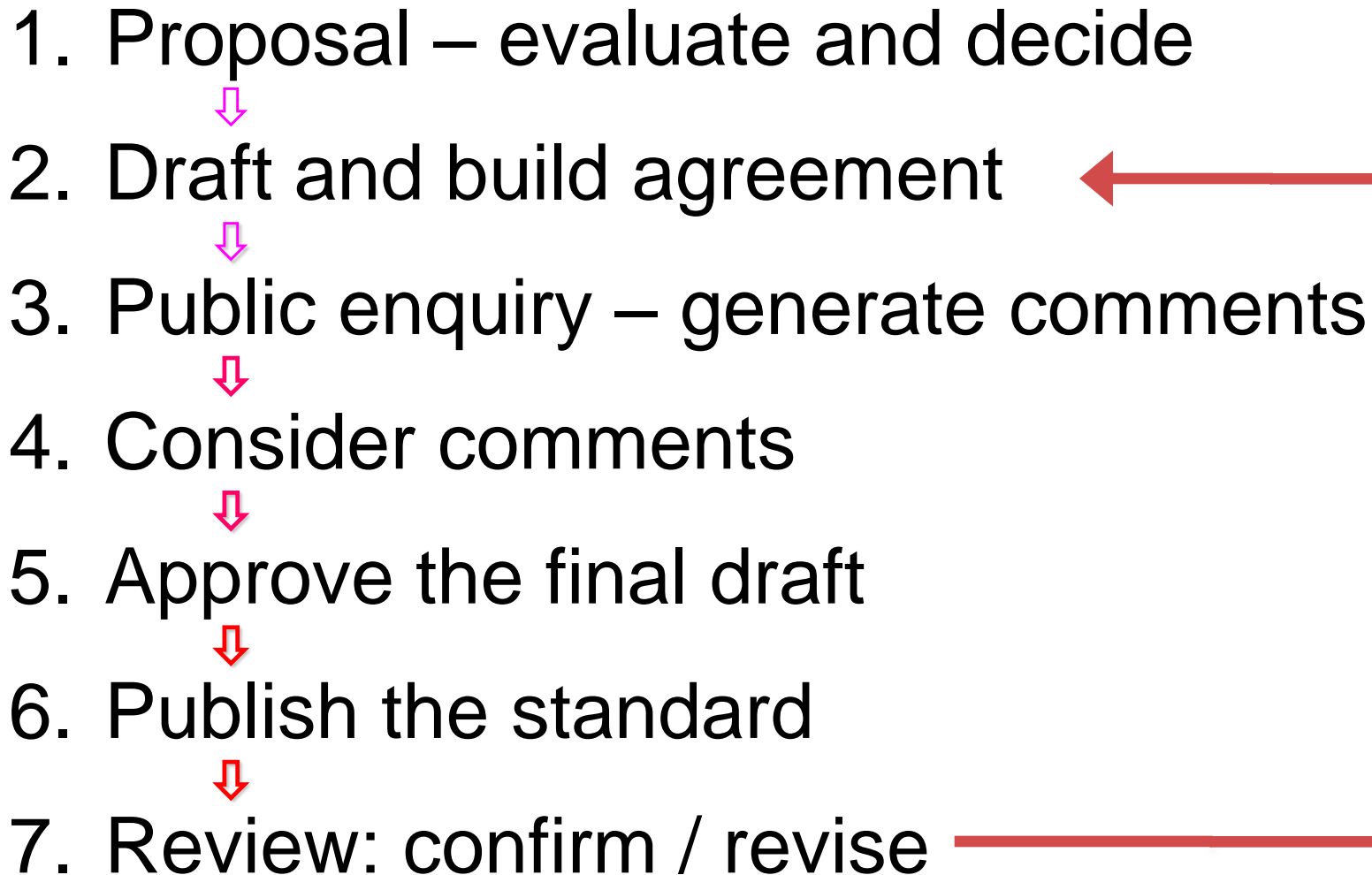


- Who can propose a new standard?
- How are standards made?
- Why are European Standards so valuable?
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How are standards made?

1. Proposal – evaluate and decide
2. Draft and build agreement
3. Public enquiry – generate comments
4. Consider comments
5. Approve the final draft
6. Publish the standard
7. Review the standard

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- 
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graph TD; 1[1. Proposal – evaluate and decide] --> 2[2. Draft and build agreement]; 2 --> 3[3. Public enquiry – generate comments]; 3 --> 4[4. Consider comments]; 4 --> 5[5. Approve the final draft]; 5 --> 6[6. Publish the standard]; 6 --> 7[7. Review: confirm / revise]; 7 --> 2;
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# How are standards made?

## 1. Proposal

- Proposals originate
- Existing technical committees
  - European Commission
  - CEN Members
  - New partners

# How are standards made?

## 1. Proposal - Evaluate and decide

### → Evaluate

- Specific need
- Feasibility
- Resources

### → Decide

- To go ahead or not
- Precise development route

# How are standards made?

## 2. Draft and build agreement

- Allocate work to technical body
  - ISO?
  - CEN member delegations
  - Expert volunteers
  
- Technical body
  - Experts develop draft standard
  - Members discuss the draft
  - Reach agreement

# How are standards made?

## 3. Public enquiry

- Draft issued to CEN members
- Members launch enquiry (3 languages)
- Circulate draft widely (5 months)
  
- Public submit comments
- Technical committee receives comments

→ Enquiry contributes to the strength of the standard



# How are standards made?

## 4. Consider comments

- Technical committee considers all comments
- Improves draft
- Agrees on content
  
- Decides when it is ready to be approved as European Standard

# How are standards made?

## 5. Approve the final draft

- Final draft issued to CEN members
- Launch Formal Vote (3 languages)
- Two months
- Members vote
  
- 71% positive votes → European Standard

# How are standards made?

## 6. Publish the standard

- European Standard given to CEN members
- Publish as national standard
- Withdraw conflicting standards
- May translate into new language
  
- CEN members sell European Standards

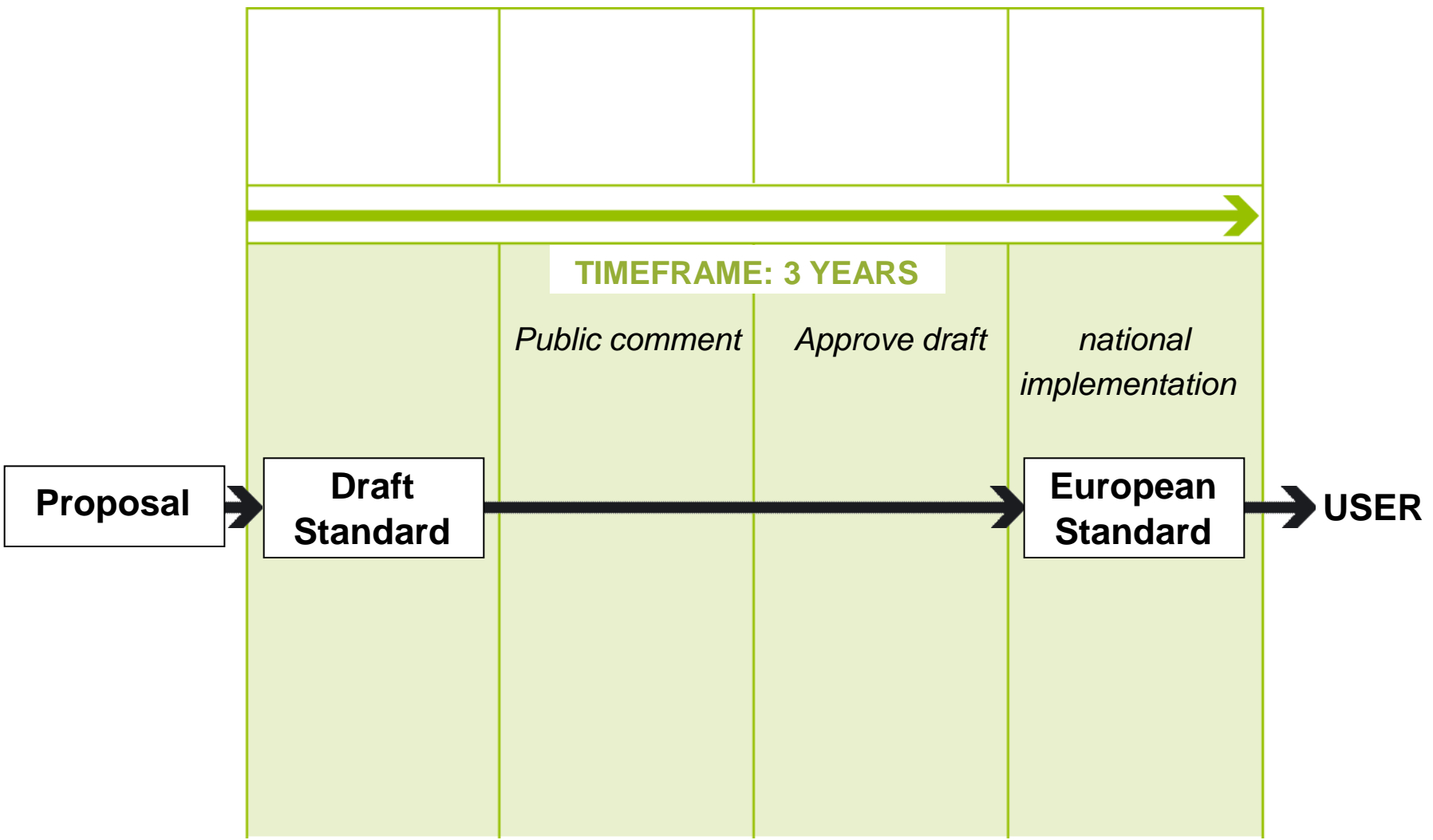
# How are standards made?

## 7. Review the standard

- Review every 5 years (at least)
- Ensure standard still current
- Options
  - confirm
  - withdraw
  - amend or revise



# How standards are made





# Where can I buy a European Standard?

- From National Standards Bodies
- European Standards are published as national standards
- CEN works in 3 official languages
  - English
  - French
  - German
- Members translate into other languages

# An example

- EUTC requirements (**Evaluation**)
- requirements for translation service providers
  - resources
  - quality
  - management
  - contracts
  - Services
- EUTC – CEN Member links?



# A proposal for a new standard - example

- European Association of Translation Companies (EUATC)
- European Standard
- Requirements for providers of translation services
- CEN - EUATC discussions (Proposal)
  - EUATC requirements
  - How to work with EUATC



# An example



- Work began April 2003 (Drafting & building consensus)
- Enquiry - September 2004 (Gather public comments)
- Consideration of comments
- Formal vote - January 2006 (Approve the final draft)
- Published May 2006 (Available to publish nationally)
- EN 15038: 2006 Translation services - Service requirements

- Who can propose a new standard?
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# Why is a European Standard so valuable?



## → Strength and recognition due to

- Shaped by those who contribute
- Open and transparent process
- Market driven
- Representation of all interested parties
- Reached through agreement
- 1 European Standard = 30 national standards = access to a market of over 480 million people

## → Integrate with international work

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# Is speed important?

- Developing a European Standard takes time
- However, the market needs the standard
- Therefore CEN delivers European Standards in 3 years

# What if 3 years is too long?

- The market might need a standard in less than 3 years
  
- Other CEN products can meet this need
  
- For example:
  - CEN Technical Specification
  - CEN Workshop Agreement (CWA)

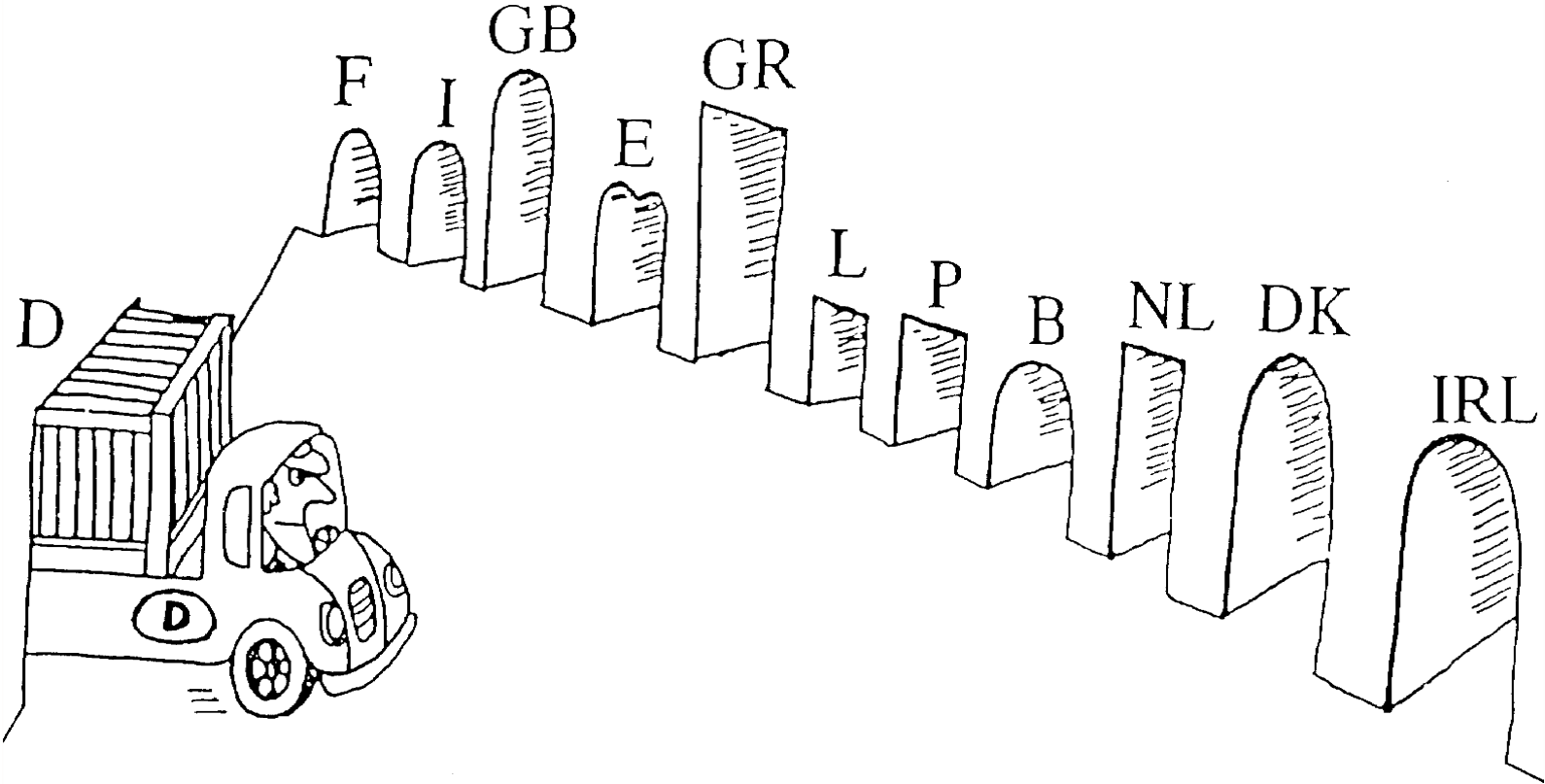
# CEN Technical Specification

- A document that gives rules and requirements
  
- Can benefit
  - **New technologies**
  - **Less urgent**
  - **Simple development process**
  
- A Technical Specification can be transformed into a European Standard

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# Before: Trade barriers hindered the European economy



# European law

- The free movement of goods is a cornerstone of the single European market
  
- Protect health and safety of
  - users
  - consumers
  - workers
  
- Protect property and the environment

# European law

## → European Directives regulate important industrial sectors

- Machinery
- Lifts
- Construction
- Low voltage equipment
- Pressure equipment
- Packaging and packaging waste

## → New Approach

# The New Approach

- **Essential requirements**
  - State the desired outcome without specifying how it should be achieved
- **European Standards specify how to meet essential requirements**
- Products made according to these standards are **presumed to comply** with essential requirements
- Such products **carry the CE mark** and are allowed to be sold in Europe

# European Standards & laws

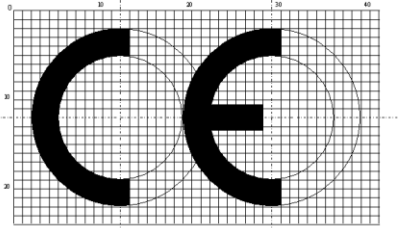
- European laws
  - essential requirements
  
- Some European Standards support laws
  - Provide solutions to essential requirements
  
- (Harmonized) European Standard provide
  - Means to conform with laws
  - CE marking
  - access to European market

# Quality marks & CE marking

## Examples of familiar quality marks



## CE Mark



# Quality marks vs. CE marking

## Quality mark

- Is voluntary
- Issued by a 'third' party
- Addresses users and consumers
- On 'approved' products
- Is a marketing tool
- Issued on contractual basis
- Product conforms to a standard

## CE marking

- Mandatory (on all product)
- Responsibility of manufacturer
- Addresses market surveillance authorities
- Product conforms to all applicable Directives
- Complies with European Standard
- 'Passport' to EU market
- Not a marketing tool

# What next?

→ Look forward to

- answering your questions
- helping you with your needs

→ [www.cen.eu](http://www.cen.eu)